Gout

What is gout and what causes it?

- Gout causes attacks of painful inflammation in one or more joints.
 It is a type of arthritis (although it is very different to the more common rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis. The pain of a gout attack can be severe.
 Gout is caused by a chemical in the blood called uric acid (urate). Uric acid is usually harmless and is made in the body. Most is passed out with the urine and some from the gut with the stools (faeces). In people with gout the amount of uric acid in the blood builds up.
- From time to time the level may become too high and tiny grit-like crystals of uric acid may form. The crystals typically collect in a joint. The crystals irritate the tissues in the joint to cause inflammation, swelling and pain a gout attack.



Why does uric acid build up?

Normally, there is a fine balance between the amount of uric acid (urate) that you make and the amount that you pass out in the urine and faeces. This keeps the level of uric acid in the blood in check. However, in most people with gout, their kidneys do not pass out enough uric acid and the blood level may rise. They are said to be under-excreters of uric acid. Their kidneys usually work otherwise normally.

People with certain other conditions have an increased risk of developing gout.

These include:

Obesity. High blood pressure, .Kidney damage, .Diabetes mellitus, Bone marrow disorders Lipid disorders (especially hypertriglyceridaemia), Vascular disease.

Enzyme defects such as hypoxanthine guanine phosphoribosyltransferase (HGPRT) deficiency and glucose-6phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency.

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How common is gout and who gets it?

Gout affects about 1 in 200 adults. Men are more commonly affected than women. A first attack of gout typically develops in middle age but it sometimes occurs in younger people. It tends to run in some families, as there is a family history of gout in about 1 in 5 cases. It may be that the genetic make-up that you inherit from your family may be a factor in becoming an under-excreter of uric acid (urate)

What are the symptoms of gout?

Gout usually occurs in attacks. An attack typically develops quickly over a few hours. It usually causes severe pain in one joint. The base of the big toe is the most commonly affected joint. Walking can be very painful and even the weight of bedclothes can hurt.

However, any joint can be affected. Sometimes two or more joints are affected. Affected joints usually swell and the nearby skin may look red and inflamed.

If left untreated, a gout attack may last several days but usually goes completely within 7-10 days. Less severe attacks can occur which may be mistaken at first for other forms of arthritis. Weeks, months or even years may go by between attacks. Some people only ever have one attack.

Is gout serious?

A gout attack can be very painful. However, other effects from gout are uncommon. Joint damage may occur if you have recurring attacks. In a few people, uric acid crystals form kidney stones or may cause some kidney damage. Sometimes the crystals form bumps (tophi) under the skin. These are usually harmless and painless but sometimes form in awkward places such as at the end of fingers. Tophi occasionally become infected.

How is gout diagnosed?

Gout is usually diagnosed if you have the typical gout symptoms and a raised blood level of uric acid. If there is doubt as to the cause of the pain and swelling, your doctor may take some fluid out of a swollen joint. This is done with a needle and syringe. The fluid is looked at under the microscope. Crystals of uric acid (urate) can be seen in the fluid to confirm the diagnosis of gout.

What is the treatment for a gout attack?

General measures

If you are able to, raise the affected limb (usually a leg) to help reduce the swelling. The easiest way to raise your leg is to recline on a sofa with your leg up on a cushion. An ice pack (or pack of frozen peas) held against the inflamed joint may ease the pain until the gout treatment medicines (below) Copyright © ASP Medical Clinic Sdn. Bhd.

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start to work: Wrap the ice pack (or peas) in a towel to avoid direct skin contact and ice burn. Apply for about 20 minutes, and then stop. (It should not be applied for long periods.)

Anti-inflammatory painkillers

A short course of an **anti-inflammatory painkiller** will quickly ease most gout attacks (within 12-24 hours).

Other treatments

Colchicine is an alternative medicine that eases gout attacks. It is usually only used if you have problems or side-effects with anti-inflammatory painkillers.

Can further gout attacks be prevented?

Lifestyle measures and medicines can help to prevent gout attacks.

Lifestyle suggestions

- If you are overweight, try to lose some weight. This can help to lower the uric acid (urate) level. However, do not use diets that increase uric acid levels, such as high-protein diets or starvation diets.
- Eat sensibly. A high uric acid level may be lowered a bit by avoiding a high protein intake and foods rich in purines, such as liver, kidneys and seafood.
- If you drink a lot of alcohol then it may help if you reduced the amount that you drink. You do not need to stop drinking alcohol altogether but cutting down may help if you drink a lot. In particular, avoid binge drinking .

If you drink a lot of sugar-sweetened soft drinks, especially those containing fructose, it may help to reduce the number or cut them out all together.

- If you are taking any medicines, check whether they are a cause of gout. An alternative medicine may be available. Your doctor will advise.
- Avoid lack of fluid in the body (dehydration) by drinking plenty of water (up to two litres per day unless there is a medical reason why not to).

Have your blood pressure checked at least once a year. High blood pressure is more common in people with gout.

With the help of lifestyle changes, many people only have an attack of gout every now and then. All you may need is to have some anti-inflammatory painkillers on standby to treat each attack.For some people, attacks occur more often. In this situation, you can take a medicine to prevent attacks.

Allopurinol is used to prevent gout attacks

Allopurinol is a commonly used medicine to prevent gout attacks. Allopurinol does not have any effect during a gout attack and it is not a painkiller. It works by lowering the level of uric acid in the blood. It takes 2-3 months to become fully effective. You need to take it every day to keep the uric acid level normal to prevent gout attacks. As a general rule, regular allopurinol may be advised by your doctor if you:

Have had two or more attacks of gout within a year. Have one or more tophi (described above). Have any joint or kidney damage due to gout. Have one or more kidney stones made from uric acid. Have had a gout attack and are taking long-term medication that can cause gout.

When you first take allopurinol, it can sometimes cause a gout attack. For this reason it is not normally started during a gout attack. It is best to start it about 3-4 weeks after an attack has settled. Also, an anti-inflammatory painkiller is often prescribed for the first 2-3 months after you start allopurinol, just in case the allopurinol causes a gout attack. Once the level of uric acid has been brought down, taking allopurinol each day usually works well to prevent gout attacks.

The dose of allopurinol needed varies from person to person. Treatment is usually started with a low dose. A blood test is often done after a month or so to check that the level of uric acid has come down. If not, the dose may need to be increased. Most people end up taking about 100-300 mg each day to stop gout attacks.

If a gout attack occurs while you are taking allopurinol, you can still take an anti-inflammatory painkiller to relieve the pain. However, this may indicate that you need an increased dose of allopurinol. Side-effects are uncommon with allopurinol. Read the information that comes with the packet of tablets for details about possible side-effects. If side-effects do occur, other medicines with a similar action are sometimes prescribed